

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF UKRAINE  
OLEKSANDR DOVZHENKO HLUKHIV NATIONAL PEDAGOGICAL UNIVERSITY  
Educational and Research Institute of Philology and History

History, Law and Teaching Methods Department



**Olena Chumachenko**

**METHODICAL GUIDELINES**

for Seminar and Practical Classes in the Course

**“History of International Relations in the Modern Era”**

For students of the second (master’s) level of higher education  
of specialty B9 History and Archaeology (educational program “*History*”)  
and specialty A4.03 Secondary Education (History and Civic Education)  
(educational program “*Secondary Education (History and Civic Education)*”)

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REVIEWERS:

Kurok O.I., Doctor of Historical Sciences, Professor, Acting Rector of Oleksandr Dovzhenko Hlukhiv National Pedagogical University

Honiukova L.V., Doctor of Science in Public Administration, Professor, Professor of Public Administration Department, Educational and Research Institute of Public Administration and Civil Service, Taras Shevchenko National University of Kyiv

This methodical manual is designed for students of the second (master’s) level of higher education enrolled in specialty B9 *History and Archaeology* and specialty A4.03 *Secondary Education (History and Civic Education)* (educational program “*History and Civic Education*”). It supports the academic study of the course *History of International Relations in the Modern Era* and aligns with the university's strategy of expanding English-language instruction within the educational process.

The manual provides a thematic and structured approach to seminar and practical classes. It includes detailed class outlines, individual assignments, glossaries of key terms, and module test questions. Emphasis is placed on the development of students’ analytical and research skills through historical source analysis, map interpretation, and the study of international treaties and diplomatic relations. The publication is also useful for instructors and secondary school educators who seek to enhance their teaching methodology with relevant historical and pedagogical materials.

## PREFACE

This methodical manual is intended for students of the second (master's) level of higher education pursuing degrees in specialty B9 History and Archaeology (educational program "*History*") and specialty A4.03 Secondary Education (History and Civic Education) (educational program "*Secondary Education (History and Civic Education)*"). It is designed to support the study of the *History of International Relations in the Modern Era*, covering the period from the mid-17th century to the early 20th century.

The manual offers a structured approach to seminar and practical classes, providing detailed session layouts, independent study tasks, glossaries of essential terms, and module test questions. The content is organized thematically, guiding students through the key stages of international relations development – from the Westphalian system and the age of revolutions to the creation of military-political alliances leading up to World War I.

Special attention is given to fostering students' analytical, research, and critical thinking skills through activities such as historical map analysis, comparative evaluation of treaties, and the synthesis of geopolitical events.

This guide not only deepens academic knowledge but also strengthens competencies relevant to teaching and scholarly work in the historical sciences and civic education. It will also be of value to lecturers, methodologists, and secondary school teachers interested in enriching their professional practice with up-to-date historical and pedagogical content.

**Content module 1.**  
**International relations during the formation, crisis, and disintegration**  
**of the Westphalian System**

**Topic 1: Formation and development of the Westphalian system of international relations**

**Seminar 1 (4 hours)**

**Session 1.1**

**Layout:**

1. Political map of Europe and major hotspots of international conflict in the 18th century.
2. Dynastic wars in the 18th century.
3. Wars of successions and their consequences.

**Tasks for independent work:**

1. Create a table of the participant states in the coalitions during the dynastic wars.
2. Define the terms: absolutism, revolution, dynasty, monarchy.

**Session 1.2**

**Layout:**

1. The Seven Years' War and changes in the balance of International Relations
2. Russia's emergence on the international stage in the 18th century.
3. "Eastern Issue" and "Polish Issue"

**Tasks for independent work:**

1. Determine the causes and consequences of the Seven Years' War.
2. Note the territorial gains and/or losses of the leading European states under the conditions of the Treaty of Paris.
3. Analyze the causes and consequences of the Russo-Turkish wars in the second half of the 17th century.
4. Describe the characteristics of Catherine II's "Greek Project."

<b>Glossary</b>		
Deideologization	[di: ,aɪ, di: ələ' gaɪ, zeɪʃən]	Деїдеологізація
State interest, dynastic interest	[steɪt 'ɪntərəst, daɪ' næstɪk 'ɪntərəst]	Державний інтерес, династичний інтерес
Balance of power	['bæləns əv 'paʊə]	Баланс сил
Role of colonies	[roʊl əv 'kɒləni:z]	Роль колоній
Mercantilism as a form of economic nationalism	['mɜ:rkəntɪlɪzəm 'æz ə fɔ:rm əv i:kə' næmɪk 'næʃənəl, ɪzəm]	Меркантилізм як різновид економічного націоналізму
Treaty of Westphalia	['tri:ti əv ,west' feɪliə]	Вестфальський мир
Thirty Years' War	['θɜ:rti jɪəz wɔ:ɹ]	Тридцятирічна війна
International relations	[,ɪntər'næʃənəl rɪ'leɪʃənz]	Міжнародні відносини

Political factor	[pə'litɪkəl 'fæktər]	Політичний фактор
Religious factor	[rɪ'lɪdʒəs 'fæktər]	Релігійний фактор
Dynastic wars	[daɪ'næstɪk wɔːrz]	Династичні війни
Alliance formation	[ə'laɪəns ,fɔːr'meɪʃən]	Формування альянсів
Colonial expansion	[kə'loʊniəl ɪk'spænjən]	Колоніальна експансія
Economic protectionism	[,i:kə'namɪk prə'tekʃə'nɪzəm]	Економічний протекціонізм
Military conflicts	[,mɪlɪ'teri 'kɒnflɪkts]	Військові конфлікти
Power struggles	[ 'paʊər 'strʌɡəlz]	Боротьба за владу
Diplomatic negotiations	[,dɪplə'mætɪk nɪ'ɡoʊʃi'eɪʃənz]	Дипломатичні переговори
Sovereign states	[ 'sɔvrən steɪts]	Суверенні держави
Global trade	[ 'ɡləʊbl treɪd]	Світова торгівля
Economic competition	[,i:kə'namɪk ,kæmpə'tɪʃən]	Економічна конкуренція

## Topic 2: International Relations during the War of American Independence (1775 – 1783)

### Seminar 2 (2 hours)

#### Layout:

1. Declaration of Independence. Fundamental principles of the young American diplomacy's foreign policy, its forms, and methods.
2. Position of Western European countries.
3. Position of Tsarist Russia.
4. Treaty of Versailles in 1783.

#### Tasks for independent work:

1. Note the main provisions of the Declaration of Maritime Neutrality of 1780.
2. Define the terms: neutrality, peace treaty, metropolis.
3. Create a table of the treaties that ended the War of Independence of the North American Colonies.

Glossary		
American Independence	[ə'merɪkən ,ɪndɪ'pendəns]	Американська незалежність
Continental Congress	[,kɒntɪ'nentəl 'kɒŋgrəs]	Континентальний конгрес
Declaration of Independence	[,deklə'reɪʃən əv ,ɪndɪ'pendəns]	Декларація незалежності
Treaty of Paris (1783)	[ 'tri:ti əv 'pærɪs (1783)]	Паризький договір (1783)
alliance	[ə'laɪəns]	союз
diplomacy	[dɪ'plɒməsi]	дипломатія
Franco-American Alliance	[ 'fræŋkəʊ-ə'merɪkən ə'laɪəns]	Франко-американський союз
British Empire	[ 'brɪtɪʃ 'empraɪər]	Британська імперія
Loyalists	[ 'ləʊəlɪsts]	лоялісти
Patriots	[ 'pætriəts]	патріоти
revolution	[,revə'lu:ʃən]	революція

sovereignty	['sɒvrɪnti]	суверенітет
colonialism	[kə'loʊniəlɪzəm]	колоніалізм
mercenaries	['mɜːrsənərɪz]	найманці
King George III	[kɪŋ dʒɔːrdʒ ðə θɜːrd]	Король Георг III
taxation without representation	[tæks'seɪʃən wɪ, ðaʊt ,rɛprɪ,zən'teɪʃən]	оподаткування без представництва
French Revolution	[frɛntʃ ,rɛvə'luːʃən]	Французька революція
Yorktown	['jɔːrktaʊn]	Йорктаун
Benjamin Franklin	['bɛndʒəmɪn 'fræŋklɪn]	Бенджамін Франклін
Treaty of Alliance (1778)	['triːtɪ əv ə'laɪəns (1778)]	Договір про союз (1778)

### Topic 3: International Relations during the French Revolution and the Napoleonic Wars (1789 – 1814)

#### Seminar 3 (4 hours)

##### Session 3.1

###### Layout:

1. Internal and external causes of the French Revolution of 1789.
2. France's foreign policy during the Legislative Assembly, the Convention, and the Jacobin dictatorship.
3. France's foreign policy after the Thermidorian Reaction, during the Directory and the Consulate.
4. France's territorial expansions.

##### Session 3.2

###### Layout:

1. Napoleon's Continental Blockade.
2. The Tilsit Meeting and the Erfurt Encounter.
3. International consequences of the Patriotic War of 1812 in Russia. Formation of the Sixth Coalition.
4. The collapse of Napoleon's empire.

###### Tasks for independent work:

1. Create a table of the anti-French coalitions.

Coalition Number	Dates of Formation and Dissolution	Coalition Member Countries	Key Events during the Coalition Period	Outcome of the Coalition (Final Treaties)

- Define the terms: foreign policy, dictatorship, coalition.

Glossary		
French Revolution	[frɛntʃ ˌrɛvəˈluːʃən]	Французька революція
Napoleonic Wars	[nəˌpɒliˈɒnɪk wɔːrz]	Наполеонівські війни
Reign of Terror	[reɪn əv ˈtɛrər]	період терору
National Convention	[ˈnæʃənəl kənˈvɛnʃən]	Національний конвент
Directory	[dɪˈrɛktəri]	Директорія
Consulate	[ˈkɒnsjʊlət]	Консулат
Napoleonic Code	[nəˌpɒliˈɒnɪk kɔːd]	Наполеонівський кодекс
Continental System	[kənˈtɪnəntəl ˈsɪstəm]	Континентальна система
Battle of Austerlitz	[ˈbætəl əv ˈaʊstərɪtʃ]	Битва під Аустерліцем
Battle of Waterloo	[ˈbætəl əv ˈwɔːtərˌluː]	Битва під Ватерлоо
Congress of Vienna	[ˈkɒŋgrəs əv viˈɛnə]	Віденський конгрес
Coalition	[ˌkɔʊəˈlɪʃən]	коаліція
Treaty of Amiens	[ˈtriːti əv ˈæmiˌɛnz]	Ам'єнський договір
Emperor Napoleon	[ˈɛmpərər nəˌpɒliən]	Імператор Наполеон
Hundred Days	[ˈhʌndrəd deɪz]	Ста днів
Peninsular War	[pəˈnɪnsjʊlər wɔːr]	Піренейська війна
Rosetta Stone	[rɒsˈzɛtə stəʊn]	Розетський камінь
Holy Alliance	[ˈhəʊli əˈlaɪəns]	Священний союз
Duke of Wellington	[duːk əv ˈwɛlɪŋtən]	Герцог Веллінгтон
Louis XVIII	[luːi ˌɛksˈviːiiː]	Людовік XVIII

## Content module 2.

### International relations during the Vienna System

#### Topic 4: Formation of the Vienna System of International Relations and the "European Concert"

##### Seminar 4 (2 hours)

##### Layout:

- 1 Key provisions of the Final Act of the Congress of Vienna. Formation of the "European Concert."
- 2 Reasons for the creation of the Holy Alliance.
- 3 Main stages of the Holy Alliance's activities.
- 4 Contradictions in the views of the participants of the Holy Alliance.
- 5 The Revolution of 1848–1849 in Europe and the dissolution of the Holy Alliance.

### Tasks for independent work:

- Identify the main shortcomings of the activities of the Holy Alliance from 1815 to 1830.
- Note the main provisions of the Monroe Doctrine (1823).
- Prepare a report on the topic: "Formation of Independent States in Latin America."
- Determine the causes of the revolutions in Europe in 1848–1849.
- Prepare a report on the topic: "The Schleswig-Holstein Question during the European Revolutions of 1848–1849."

Glossary		
Vienna Congress	[vi'ɛnə 'kɒŋgrɛs]	Віденський конгрес
European Concert	[jʊərə'pi:ən 'kɒnsɜ:t]	Європейський концерт
Balance of Power	['bæləntʃ əv 'paʊər]	Баланс сил
Metternich	['mɛtərnɪk]	Меттерніх
Holy Alliance	['həʊli ə'laɪəns]	Священний союз
Quadruple Alliance	['kwɒdrʊpl ə'laɪəns]	Четвертний союз
Legitimacy	[li'dʒɪtɪməsi]	Легітимність
Congress System	['kɒŋgrɛs 'sɪstəm]	Конгресова система
Intervention	[,ɪntə'veɪʃən]	Інтервенція
Napoleon's Defeat	[nə'pəʊliənz dɪ'fi:t]	Поразка Наполеона
Talleyrand	['tælə,rænd]	Талейран
Treaty of Vienna	['tri:ti əv vi'ɛnə]	Віденський договір
Restoration	[,rɛstə'reɪʃən]	Реставрація
British Foreign Policy	['brɪtɪʃ 'fɔrɪn 'pɒlɪsi]	Британська зовнішня політика
Tsar Alexander I	[tsɑ:r ,æləg'zɑ:ndər wɒn]	Цар Олександр I
Castlereagh	['kæstl,rɛɪ]	Каслрі
Territorial Changes	[,tɛrɪ'tɔ:riəl 'tʃeɪndʒɪz]	Територіальні зміни
French Monarchy	[frɛntʃ 'mɒnəki]	Французька монархія

## Topic 5: International Relations during the Period of German Unification and Italy Unification (1848-1872)

### Seminar 5 (2 hours)

#### Session 5.1

#### Layout:

1. Paths to the unification of Germany.
2. The Schleswig-Holstein Question.

3. The war between Austria and Prussia against Denmark.
4. The war between Prussia and Austria.
5. The Franco-Prussian War and the completion of German unification.

## Session 5.2

### Layout:

1. The War for Italian Independence in 1848–1849.
2. Strengthening of the Kingdom of Sardinia.
3. Formation of the Kingdom of Italy.
4. Completion of the Unification of Italy.

### Tasks for independent work:

- Define the role of Otto von Bismarck in the process of German unification.
- Create a table of the process of German unification.
- Create a table of the process of Italian unification.

Glossary		
German Unification	['dʒɜ:rmən ,ju:nɪfɪ'keɪʃən]	Об'єднання Німеччини
Italy Unification	['ɪtəli ,ju:nɪfɪ'keɪʃən]	Об'єднання Італії
Otto von Bismarck	['ɒtəʊ vɒn 'bɪzma:rk]	Отто фон Бісмарк
Risorgimento	[rɪ,sɔ:rdʒɪ'mentəʊ]	Рисорджименто
Realpolitik	['reɪəlˌpɒlɪ,tɪ:k]	Реальна політика
Prussia	['prʌʃə]	Пруссія
Kingdom of Sardinia	['kɪŋdəm əv sə:r'dɪniə]	Королівство Сардинія
Victor Emmanuel II	['vɪktər ɪ'mænjuəl 'sekənd]	Віктор Еммануїл II
Franco-Prussian War	['fræŋkəʊ 'prʌʃən wɔ:r]	Франко-прусська війна
Austro-Prussian War	['ɔ:strou 'prʌʃən wɔ:r]	Австро-прусська війна
Garibaldi	[,gæɪ'bɑ:ldi]	Гарібальді
Zollverein	['tsɔ:lfe,rain]	Митний союз
Count Cavour	[kaʊnt kə'vɔr]	Граф Кавур
Schleswig-Holstein Question	['ʃleɪz ,vɪg 'hoʊlstɑɪn 'kwɛstʃən]	Шлезвіг-Гольштейнське питання
North German Confederation	[nɔ:rθ 'dʒɜ:rmən ,kɒnfɪ'dereɪʃən]	Північнонімецький союз
Plombières Agreement	[plɒm'bɪjər ə'gri:mənt]	Пломб'єрська угода
Treaty of Frankfurt	['tri:tɪ əv 'fræŋkfɜ:rt]	Франкфуртський договір
Kingdom of Italy	['kɪŋdəm əv 'ɪtəli]	Королівство Італія
German Empire	['dʒɜ:rmən 'empraɪər]	Німецька імперія
Redshirts	['red ,ʒɜ:rts]	Червоні сорочки

## Topic 6: “Eastern Issue” in international relations in XIX century

### Seminar 6 (2 hours)

#### Layout:

- Deterioration of the situation in the Balkans in the 1870s.
- Plans of states to overcome the Eastern crisis.
- The Russo-Turkish War of 1877–1878. The Treaty of San Stefano.
- The Congress of Berlin.

#### Tasks for independent work:

1. Characterize the features of the Eastern Crisis of 1875.
2. Compare the conditions of the treaties: the Treaty of San Stefano and the Treaty of Berlin.
3. Mark the course of military actions in the Balkans during the Russo-Turkish War of 1877-1878 on a contour map.

Glossary		
Eastern Question	[ 'i:stərn 'kwɛstʃən]	Східне питання
Balkans	[ 'bɔ:l kənz]	Балкани
Russo-Turkish War	[ 'rʌsɔv- 'tɜrkɪʃ wɔ:r]	Російсько-турецька війна
Treaty of San Stefano	[ 'tri:ti əv sæn 'stɛfə ,noʊ]	Сан-Стефанський договір
Congress of Berlin	[ 'kɒŋgrəs əv bər 'lɪn]	Берлінський конгрес
Ottoman Empire	[ 'ɒtəmən 'ɛmpaɪər]	Османська імперія
Great Powers	[ greɪt 'paʊərz]	Великі держави
Balkan Crisis	[ 'bɔ:l kən 'kraɪsɪs]	Балканська криза
Treaty of Berlin	[ 'tri:ti əv bər 'lɪn]	Берлінський договір
Slavic Nationalism	[ 'slævɪk 'næʃnəlɪzəm]	Слов'янський націоналізм
Pan-Slavism	[ 'pæn ,slævɪzəm]	Панславізм
Constantinople	[ ,kɒnstæn'tɪnəpəl]	Константинополь
Bosnian Crisis	[ 'bɒznɪən 'kraɪsɪs]	Боснійська криза
Russo-Balkan Alliance	[ 'rʌsɔv- 'bɔ:l kən ə 'laɪəns]	Російсько-балканський союз
Tsar Alexander II	[ zɑ:r ,æɪlɪg zɑ:ndər 'tu:]	Цар Олександр II
Treaty of Adrianople	[ 'tri:ti əv ,eɪdrɪə'noʊpəl]	Адріанопольський договір
Crimean War	[ kraɪ'mi:ən wɔ:r]	Кримська війна
Montenegro	[ ,mɒntɪ'neɪgrɔʊ]	Чорногорія

Serbian Independence	['sɜ:rbɪən ,ɪndɪ'pɛndəns]	Незалежність Сербії
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### Content module 3.

#### International relations during the formation of military-political blocs

#### Topic 7. Colonial policy of European states in the 19th to early 20th centuries

##### Tasks for independent work:

1. Prepare a report on the topic: "The Policies of the USA and European States towards Japan in the first half of the 19th century."
2. Analyze the directions of the British-Russian rivalry in Central Asia.
3. Analyze the essence of the USA's policies of "Dollar Diplomacy" and the "Big Stick."
4. Create a table of the colonial possessions of Great Britain, Germany, and Russia at the end of the 19th century.

Glossary		
Colonialism	[kə'loʊniə,lɪzəm]	Колоніалізм
Imperialism	[ɪm'piəriəlɪzəm]	Імперіалізм
Scramble for Africa	['skræmbəl fɔ:r 'æfrɪkə]	Боротьба за Африку
Berlin Conference	['bɜ:rlɪn 'kɒnfərəns]	Берлінська конференція
Protectorate	[prə'tektərɪt]	Протекторат
Sphere of Influence	[sfɪr əv 'ɪnfluəns]	Сфера впливу
British Raj	['brɪtɪʃ rɑ:ʒ]	Британський Радж
Sepoy Mutiny	['si:pɔɪ 'mju:təni]	Повстання сипаїв
Boer War	[bɔə wɔ:r]	Англо-бурська війна
Opium Wars	['ɒpiəm wɔ:rz]	Опиумні війни
East India Company	[i:st 'ɪndiə 'kʌmpəni]	Ост-Індська компанія
French Indochina	[frɛntʃ ,ɪndoʊ'tʃaɪnə]	Французький Індокитай
Belgian Congo	['bɛldʒən 'kɒŋɡoʊ]	Бельгійське Конго
Mission Civilisatrice	[,mɪʃən sɪ,vɪlɪ'zætrɪs]	Цивілізаторська місія
White Man's Burden	[waɪt məenz 'bɜ:rdən]	Тягар білої людини
Cecil Rhodes	['si:səl roʊdz]	Сесіл Родс
Meiji Restoration	['meɪdʒi ,restə'reɪʃən]	Реставрація Мейдзі
Monroe Doctrine	[mɒn'roʊ 'dɒktrɪn]	Доктрина Монро
Treaty of Nanking	['tri:ti əv 'næŋkɪŋ]	Нанкінський договір

Boxer Rebellion	[ˈbɒksər rɪˈbeɪlɪən]	Повстання боксерів
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## Topic 8: Formation of the Triple Alliance and the Entente

### Seminar 7 (2 hours)

#### Layout:

- Formation of the Triple Alliance:
- The League of the Three Emperors;
- Treaties creating the Triple Alliance.
- Formation of the Entente:
- Franco-Russian Alliance of 1891–1893;
- Anglo-French "Entente Cordiale" of 1904;
- Anglo-Russian Agreement of 1907.
- Reasons for the intensification of antagonism between the Entente and the Triple Alliance.
- Characteristics and nature of international relations on the eve of the First World War.

#### Tasks for independent work:

1. Create a chronological table of the formation of military-political blocs in Europe in the last third of the 19th century and the early 20th century.
2. Analyze the reasons for the intensification of antagonism between the Entente and the Triple Alliance.

Glossary		
Triple Alliance	[ˈtrɪpl əˈlaɪəns]	Троїстий союз
Entente Cordiale	[ɑːnˈtɑːnt kɔːrˈdʒɑːl]	Сердечна угода
Franco-Russian Alliance	[ˈfræŋkoo-ˈrʌʃən əˈlaɪəns]	Франко-російський союз
Dual Alliance	[ˈdjuːəl əˈlaɪəns]	Двоїстий союз
Central Powers	[ˈsentrəl ˈpaʊərz]	Центральні держави
Allied Powers	[ˈælaɪd ˈpaʊərz]	Союзні держави
Kaiser Wilhelm II	[ˈkaɪzər ˈwɪlhɛlm ˈsɛkənd]	Кайзер Вільгельм II
Otto von Bismarck	[ˈɒtəʊ vɒn ˈbɪzmaːrk]	Отто фон Бісмарк
Reinsurance Treaty	[ˌriːɪnˈʃʊərəns ˈtriːti]	Договір перестраховання
Anglo-Russian Convention	[ˈæŋɡloo-ˈrʌʃən kənˈvenʃən]	Англо-російська угода
Italo-Turkish War	[ɪˈtɑːloʊ-ˈtɜːrkiʃ wɔːr]	Італо-турецька війна
Militarism	[ˈmɪlɪtərɪzəm]	Мілітаризм
Naval Arms Race	[ˈneɪvəl ɑːrmz reɪs]	Морська гонка озброєнь

Moroccan Crises	[mə'ɒkən 'kraɪsɪz]	Марокканські кризи
Archduke Franz Ferdinand	['ɑ:rtʃdju:k frænz 'fɜ:rdɪnænd]	Ерцгерцог Франц Фердинанд
Sarajevo Assassination	[,sæɪə'jeɪvə ə,sæsi'neɪʃən]	Сараєвське вбивство

## Topic 9. International Relations on the Eve and During the First World War

### Tasks for independent work:

1. Identify the stages of the formation of the Balkan bloc on the eve of the First World War.
2. Create a chronological table of the Balkan Wars, indicating participants, causes, and consequences.
3. Compile a list of the causes of the First World War.
4. Prepare a report on the topic: "Diplomatic Struggle between the Blocs during the First World War."
5. Create a table of major battles of the First World War.
6. Determine the reasons for the USA's entry into the First World War.

Glossary		
Balkan Wars	['bɔ:lkən wɔ:rz]	Балканські війни
Causes of World War I	[kɔ:zɪz əv wɜ:ld wɔ:r wɒn]	Причини Першої світової війни
Diplomatic Struggle	[,dɪplə'mætɪk 'strʌɡəl]	Дипломатична боротьба
Major Battles	['meɪdʒər 'bætəlz]	Основні битви
USA's Entry into WWI	[ju:es'eɪz 'entri 'ɪntu: ,dʌbəlju: ,dʌbəlju: 'aɪ]	Вступ США у Першу світову війну
Assassination of Archduke	[ə,sæsi'neɪʃən əv 'ɑ:rtʃdju:k]	Вбивство ерцгерцога
Triple Entente	['trɪpl ə:n'tɑ:nt]	Потрійна Антанта
Triple Alliance	['trɪpl ə'laɪəns]	Троїстий союз
Trench Warfare	[trɛntʃ 'wɔ:rfɛər]	Окопна війна
Lusitania	[lu:'sɪtəniə]	Лузітанія
Zimmerman Telegram	['zɪmərmen 'tɛɪ,græm]	Телеграма Циммермана
Mobilization	[,mɒʊbɪlə'zeɪʃən]	Мобілізація
Treaty of Versailles	['tri:tɪ əv vɜ:'saɪlz]	Версальський договір
League of Nations	[li:g əv 'neɪʃənz]	Ліга Націй
Armistice	['ɑ:rmɪstɪs]	Перемир'я
No Man's Land	[nɒs mænz lænd]	Нічия земля
War Reparations	[wɔ:r ,rɛpə'reɪʃənz]	Військові репарації



### Module Test Tasks:

4. How many major international conflict hubs were there in the 17th to early 18th centuries:
  1. four; c) six;
  2. five; d) seven
  
5. Which preliminary treaty was not concluded between 1782-1783:
  1. between England and the USA; c) between England and Italy;
  2. between England, France, and Spain; d) between England and the Netherlands
  
6. When was the independence of the 13 United States declared:
  1. 1773; c) 1776;
  2. 1775; d) 1778
  
7. What event occurred in France in 1791:
  1. the start of the French Revolution; c) the storming of the Bastille;
  2. the proclamation of a new constitution; d) the declaration of the Rights of Man
  
8. How many anti-French coalitions were there between 1792 and 1815:
  1. 5; c) 7;
  2. 6; d) 10;
  
9. Which state played a leading role in all the anti-French coalitions:
  1. Spain; c) Holland;
  2. Austria; d) England
  
10. The war for independence of the North American colonies took place in:
  1. 1756 – 1763; c) 1740 – 1748;
  2. 1775 – 1783; d) 1733 – 1735.
  
11. When was the final unification of Italian lands?
  1. 1859; c) 1866;
  2. 1861; d) 1871
  
12. Which system of international relations was based on the principle of balance of power:
  1. Westphalian; c) Versailles-Washington;

2. Vienna; d) Yalta-Potsdam
13. When was the "Monroe Doctrine" adopted:
1. 1820; c) 1822;
  2. 1821; d) 1823.
14. How many alliance treaties were signed between the states of the Triple Alliance?
1. two; c) four;
  2. three; d) five
15. At which congress was the decision to create the "Holy Alliance" made:
1. Westphalian; c) Vienna;
  2. Versailles; d) Verona
16. What was the name of the US policy against European intervention in the affairs of North and South America?
1. the principle of legitimacy; c) the policy of "free hands";
  2. "Monroe Doctrine"; d) intervention
17. Which treaty marked the beginning of the Entente:
1. Russian-French; c) Anglo-French;
  2. Russian-English; d) Anglo-German
18. How many treaties were signed at the Tilsit meeting between Alexander I and Napoleon:
1. one; c) three;
  2. two; d) four
19. When did Napoleon's invasion of Russia begin:
1. 1789; c) 1809;
  2. 1799; d) 1812.
20. What was the American "Monroe Doctrine" regarding European states?
1. policy of intervention; c) "open door" policy;
  2. non-intervention policy; d) appeasement policy

21. In what year did England officially recognize Argentina, Colombia, and Mexico as independent states:
1. 1815; c) 1825;
  2. 1823; d) 1830.
22. In the second partition of Poland in 1793, the participating states were:
1. Russia, Prussia, Habsburg monarchy;
  2. Russia and the Habsburg monarchy;
  3. Prussia, Habsburg monarchy, France;
  4. Habsburg monarchy, France, England.
23. The period in historical literature from 1875-1878 is known as:
1. the national liberation struggle; c) the "Eastern Crisis";
  2. bloc confrontation; d) the era of imperialism;
24. What was the name of the alliance of rulers from several European countries and Russia, created in the first half of the 19th century to combat liberation movements?
1. Triple Alliance; c) Entente;
  2. Holy Alliance; d) Northern Alliance
25. When was the unification of Germany proclaimed:
1. 1815; c) 1850;
  2. 1834; d) 1871.
26. The first country of the Central Powers to capitulate was:
1. Bulgaria. c) Austria-Hungary.
  2. Turkey. d) Germany.
27. The reason for the US entering World War I was:
1. The refusal of Chancellor Bethmann-Hollweg to return the loans of 1913.
  2. The Russian Revolution.
  3. Germany's declaration of submarine warfare and the sinking of the Lusitania.
  4. The default of the British Bank.

28. Did not participate in World War I:
1. Greece. c) Belgium.
  2. Romania. d) Spain.
29. The Compiègne Armistice was signed:
1. in November 1918; c) in November 1917;
  2. in October 1917; d) in December 1918.
30. The post-war world order principle was based on:
1. "14 points" by W. Wilson; c) The Sykes-Picot Agreement;
  2. "Decree on Peace"; d) The Covenant of the League of Nations.
31. The Treaty of Versailles was concluded:
1. May 25, 1919; c) June 27, 1919;
  2. June 28, 1919; d) July 15, 1919.
32. The Paris Peace Conference was opened:
1. December 18, 1919; c) February 18, 1919;
  2. January 18, 1919; d) March 18, 1919.
33. During the Paris Peace Conference, there were \_\_\_\_\_ participating countries:
1. 23; c) 26;
  2. 25; d) 27.

#### **Sources:**

#### **Historical Maps**

- David Rumsey Map Collection: <http://www.davidrumsey.com>
- Perry-Castañeda Library Map Collection: <http://www.lib.utexas.edu/maps>
- Old Maps Online: <http://www.oldmapsonline.org>
- Interactive World History Atlas since 3000 BC <http://geacron.com/home-en/>

#### **Portraits of Historical Figures**

- National Portrait Gallery (UK): <http://www.npg.org.uk>
- Wikimedia Commons (Historical Figures): [https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/Category:Historical\\_figures](https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/Category:Historical_figures)

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- The Avalon Project (Yale Law School): <http://avalon.law.yale.edu>
- International Treaties and Related Records (National Archives, USA): <https://www.archives.gov/research/foreign-policy/treaties>
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